Get Screened!
Cervical cancer:

- Development of invasive cervical abnormalites that screen for cervical cancer can be treated to prevent.
- Screening tool used to detect.
- Important and effective.
- The Pap test is the most
- Preocence.
- Regardless of sexual cancers in women.
- most common reproductive
- Cervical cancer is one of the
- Recommended rates.
- screen for cervical cancer at.
- Many lesbian women do not

The Why & How

- The Barriers

Neglecting appointments
- Lack of health insurance
- Lack of education

Misconceptions related to
- Negative encounters

Financial reasons

Who needs to be screened?

- All women who have a cervix.

Benefits:
- certainty that there is significant recommendation.
- There is high grade A. This service is

Recommendation

- 3 years.
- with cytology (Pap smear) every 5 years.
- recommended screening for cervical

Screening Guidelines- USPSTF

Care Provider:

At your local OB-GYN or Primary

Where can this be done?

Regardless of sexual history.

Refer to back of pamphlet for local office.